

## QDD4-400GB-DR4-AO

MSA and TAA 400GBase-DR4 QSFP-DD Transceiver (SMF, 1310nm, 500m, MPO, DOM, CMIS 4.0)

### Features

- QSFP-DD MSA compliant
- IEEE 802.3bs 400GBASE-DR4 Specification compliant
- Parallel 4 Optical Lanes
- Data Rate 106.25Gbps (PAM4) per channel
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- 8x53.125Gb/s electrical interface (400GAUI-8)
- MPO-12 connector
- Maximum power consumption 10.5W
- RoHS compliant and Lead Free



### Applications

- 400GBase Ethernet

### Product Description

This MSA Compliant QSFP-DD transceiver provides 400GBase-DR4 throughput up to 500m over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1310nm via an MPO connector. It is built to MSA standards and is uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that they will integrate into your network seamlessly. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

AddOn's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



### Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                  | Symbol           | Min. | Typ.    | Max.                 | Unit | Notes          |
|----------------------------|------------------|------|---------|----------------------|------|----------------|
| Power Supply Voltage       | V <sub>cc</sub>  | -0.5 |         | 3.6                  | V    |                |
| Storage Temperature        | T <sub>stg</sub> | -40  |         | 85                   | °C   |                |
| Case Operating Temperature | T <sub>c</sub>   | 0    |         | 70                   | °C   |                |
| Relative Humidity          | RH               | 0    |         | 85                   | %    | Non-Condensing |
| Damage Threshold Per Lane  | TH <sub>d</sub>  | 5    |         |                      | dBm  |                |
| Data Rate Per Lane         |                  |      | 26.5625 |                      | GBd  | PAM4           |
| Data Rate Accuracy         |                  | -100 |         | 100                  | ppm  |                |
| Pre-FEC Bit Error Ratio    |                  |      |         | 2.4x10 <sup>-4</sup> |      |                |
| Post-FEC Bit Error Ratio   |                  |      |         | 1x10 <sup>-12</sup>  |      | 1              |
| Link Distance              | D                | 2    |         | 500                  | m    | 2              |

### Notes:

1. FEC provided by host system.
2. FEC required on host system to support maximum distance.

## Electrical Characteristics

| Parameter  | Symbol | Min.                             | Typ.  | Max.  | Unit  | Notes |
|--|--------|----------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Supply Voltage                                     | Vcc    | 3.135                            | 3.3   | 3.465 | V     |       |
| Supply Current                                     | Icc    |                                  |       | 3.18  | A     |       |
| Power Consumption                                  | PD     |                                  |       | 10.5  | W     |       |
| <b>Transmitter</b>                                 |        |                                  |       |       |       |       |
| Signaling Rate Per Lane                            | TP1    | 26.5625 ± 100ppm                 |       |       | GBd   |       |
| Differential Pk-Pk Input Voltage Tolerance         | TP1a   | 900                              |       |       | mVp-p | 1     |
| Differential Termination Mismatch                  | TP1    |                                  |       | 10    | %     |       |
| Differential Input Return Loss                     | TP1    | IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-5) |       |       | dB    |       |
| Differential to Common-Mode Input Return Loss      | TP1    | IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-6) |       |       | dB    |       |
| Module Stressed Input Test                         | TP1a   | See IEEE 802.3bs 120E.3.4.1      |       |       |       | 2     |
| Single-Ended Voltage Tolerance Range (Minimum)     | TP1a   | -0.4 to 3.3                      |       |       | V     |       |
| DC Common-Mode Input Voltage                       | TP1    | -350                             |       | 2850  | mV    | 3     |
| <b>Receiver</b>                                    |        |                                  |       |       |       |       |
| Signaling Rate Per Lane                            | TP4    | 26.5625 ± 100ppm                 |       |       | GBd   |       |
| Differential Pk-Pk Output Voltage                  | TP4    |                                  |       | 900   | mVp-p |       |
| AC Common-Mode Output Voltage (RMS)                | TP4    |                                  |       | 17.5  | mV    |       |
| Differential Termination Mismatch                  | TP4    |                                  |       | 10    | %     |       |
| Differential Output Return Loss                    | TP4    | IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-2) |       |       |       |       |
| Common to Differential Mode Conversion Return Loss | TP4    | IEEE 802.3-2015 Equation (83E-3) |       |       |       |       |
| Transition Time (20-80%)                           | TP4    | 9.5                              |       |       | ps    |       |
| Near-End Eye Symmetry Mask Width (ESMW)            | TP4    |                                  | 0.265 |       | UI    |       |
| Near-End Eye Height (Differential)                 | TP4    | 70                               |       |       | mV    |       |
| Far-End Eye Symmetry Mask Width (ESMW)             | TP4    |                                  | 0.2   |       | UI    |       |
| Far-End Eye Height (Differential)                  | TP4    | 30                               |       |       | mV    |       |
| Far-End Pre-Cursor ISI Ratio                       | TP4    | -4.5                             |       | 2.5   | %     |       |
| Common-Mode Output Voltage (Vcm)                   | TP4    | -350                             |       | 2850  | mV    | 3     |

### Notes:

1. With the exception to IEEE 802.3bs 120E.3.1.2 that the pattern is PRBS31Q or scrambled idle.
2. Meets BER specified in IEEE 802.3bs 120E.1.1.
3. DC common-mode voltage generated by the host. Specification includes effects of ground offset voltage.

## Optical Characteristics

| Parameter   | Symbol           | Min.            | Typ. | Max.         | Unit  | Notes |
|---|------------------|-----------------|------|--------------|-------|-------|
| <b>Transmitter</b>  |                  |                 |      |              |       |       |
| Data Rate Per Lane  |                  | 53.125 ± 100ppm |      |              | GBd   |       |
| Modulation Format   |                  | PAM4            |      |              |       |       |
| Center Wavelength   | $\lambda_C$      | 1304.5          | 1310 | 1317.5       | nm    |       |
| Side-Mode Suppression Ratio   | SMSR             | 30              |      |              | dB    |       |
| Average Launch Power Per Lane                                       | $P_{avg}$        | -2.9            |      | 4            | dBm   | 1     |
| Outer Optical Modulation Amplitude (OMA <sub>outer</sub> ) Per Lane | POMA             | -0.8            |      | 4.2          | dBm   | 2     |
| Launch Power in OMA <sub>outer</sub> Minus TDECQ Per Lane           | For ER ≥ 5dB     | -2.2            |      |              | dB    |       |
|   | For ER ≤ 5dB     | -1.9            |      |              | dB    |       |
| Transmitter and Dispersion Eye Closure for PAM4 Per Lane            | TDECQ            |                 |      | 3.4          | dB    |       |
| TDECQ – 10*log <sub>10</sub> (Ceq) Per Lane                         |                  |                 |      | 3.4          | dB    | 3     |
| Extinction Ratio  | ER               | 3.5             |      |              | dB    |       |
| RIN <sub>21.4</sub> OMA   | RIN              |                 |      | -136         | dB/Hz |       |
| Optical Return Loss Tolerance                                       | TOL              |                 |      | 21.4         | dB    |       |
| Transmitter Reflectance   | T <sub>R</sub>   |                 |      | -26          | dB    |       |
| Transmitter Transition Time   |                  |                 |      | 17           | ps    |       |
| Average Launch Power of Off Transmitter Per Lane                    | P <sub>off</sub> |                 |      | -15          | dBm   |       |
| <b>Receiver</b>   |                  |                 |      |              |       |       |
| Center Wavelength   | $\lambda_C$      | 1304.5          | 1310 | 1317.5       | nm    |       |
| Data Rate Per Lane  |                  | 53.125 ± 100ppm |      |              | GBd   |       |
| Modulation Format   |                  | PAM4            |      |              |       |       |
| Damage Threshold Per Lane   | TH <sub>d</sub>  | 5               |      |              | dBm   | 4     |
| Average Receive Power Per Lane                                      |                  | -5.9            |      | 4            | dBm   | 5     |
| Receive Power (OMA <sub>outer</sub> ) Per Lane                      |                  |                 |      | 4.2          | dBm   |       |
| Receiver Sensitivity (OMA <sub>outer</sub> ) Per Lane               | SEN              |                 |      | Equation (1) | dBm   | 6     |
| Stressed Receiver Sensitivity (OMA <sub>outer</sub> ) Per Lane      | SRS              |                 |      | -1.9         | dBm   | 7     |
| Receiver Reflectance  | R <sub>R</sub>   |                 |      | -26          | dB    |       |
| LOS Assert  | LOSA             | -15             |      |              | dBm   |       |
| LOS De-Assert   | LOSD             |                 |      | -8.9         | dBm   |       |
| LOS Hysteresis  | LOSH             | 0.5             |      |              | dB    |       |
| <b>Stressed Conditions for Stress Receiver Sensitivity (Note 8)</b> |                  |                 |      |              |       |       |
| Stressed Eye Closure for PAM4 (SECQ) Lane Under Test                |                  |                 | 3.4  |              | dB    |       |

|  |  |  |     |     |     |  |
|--|--|--|-----|-----|-----|--|
| SECQ – $10 \cdot \log_{10} (C_{eq})$ Per Lane Under Test |  |  |     | 3.4 | dB  |  |
| OMA <sub>outer</sub> of Each Aggressor Lane              |  |  | 4.2 |     | dBm |  |

**Notes:**

1. Average launch power, each lane (minimum), is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A transmitter with launch power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
2. Even if the TDECQ < 1.4dB for an extinction ratio of ≥ 5dB or TDECQ < 1.1dB for an extinction ratio of < 5dB, the OMA<sub>outer</sub> (minimum) must exceed the minimum value specified here.
3. Ceq is a coefficient defined in IEEE Std 802.3-2018 Clause 121.8.5.3 which accounts for reference equalizer noise enhancement.
4. Average receive power, each lane (minimum), is informative and not the principal indicator of signal strength. A received power below this value cannot be compliant; however, a value above this does not ensure compliance.
5. The receiver shall be able to tolerate, without damage, continuous exposure to a modulated optical input signal having this power level on one lane. The receiver does not have to operate correctly at this input power.
6. Receiver sensitivity (OMA<sub>outer</sub>), each lane (maximum), is informative and is defined for a transmitter with a value of SECQ up to 3.4 dB. It should meet Equation (1), which is illustrated in below:

$$RS = \text{Max.}(-3.9, SECQ - 5.3) \text{ dBm} \quad (1)$$

Where:

RS is the receiver sensitivity, and

SECQ is the SECQ of the transmitter used to measure the receiver sensitivity.

7. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for the BER equal to  $2.4 \times 10^{-4}$ .
8. These test conditions are for measuring stressed receiver sensitivity. They are not characteristics of the receiver.

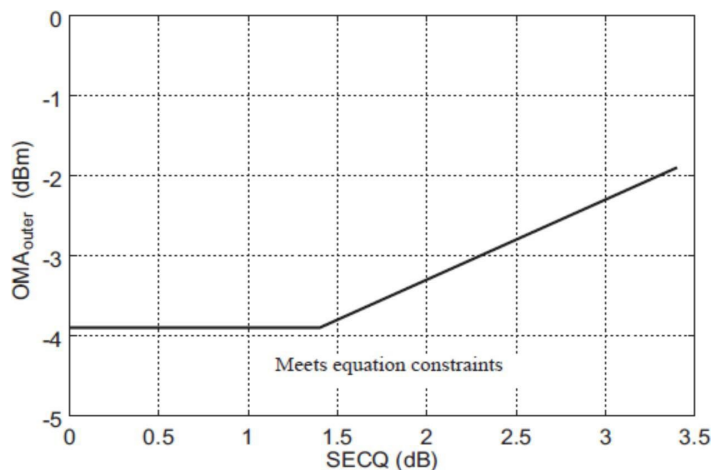


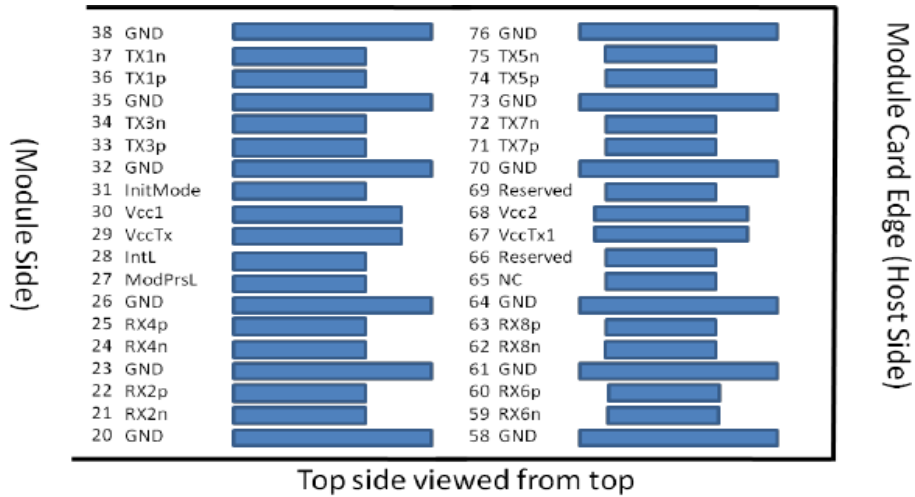
Illustration of Receiver Sensitivity Mask for 400G-DR4

## Pin Descriptions

| Pin | Logic       | Symbol   | Name/Description   | Plug Sequence |
|-----|-------------|----------|--|---------------|
| 1   |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |
| 2   | CML-I       | Tx2-     | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.   | 3B            |
| 3   | CML-I       | Tx2+     | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.   | 3B            |
| 4   |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |
| 5   | CML-I       | Tx4-     | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.   | 3B            |
| 6   | CML-I       | Tx4+     | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.   | 3B            |
| 7   |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |
| 8   | LVTTL-I     | ModSelL  | Module Select.   | 3B            |
| 9   | LVTTL-I     | ResetL   | Module Reset.  | 3B            |
| 10  |             | VccRx    | +3.3V Receiver Power Supply.   | 2B            |
| 11  | LVC MOS-I/O | SCL      | 2-Wire Serial Interface Clock.   | 3B            |
| 12  | LVC MOS-I/O | SDA      | 2-Wire Serial Interface Data.  | 3B            |
| 13  |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |
| 14  | CML-O       | Rx3+     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.   | 3B            |
| 15  | CML-O       | Rx3-     | Receiver Inverted Data Output.   | 3B            |
| 16  |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |
| 17  | CML-O       | Rx1+     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.   | 3B            |
| 18  | CML-O       | Rx1-     | Receiver Inverted Data Output.   | 3B            |
| 19  |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |
| 20  |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |
| 21  | CML-O       | Rx2-     | Receiver Inverted Data Output.   | 3B            |
| 22  | CML-O       | Rx2+     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.   | 3B            |
| 23  |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |
| 24  | CML-O       | Rx4-     | Receiver Inverted Data Output.   | 3B            |
| 25  | CML-O       | Rx4+     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.   | 3B            |
| 26  |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |
| 27  | LVTTL-O     | ModPrsL  | Module Present.  | 3B            |
| 28  | LVTTL-O     | IntL     | Interrupt.   | 3B            |
| 29  |             | VccTx    | +3.3V Transmitter Power Supply.  | 2B            |
| 30  |             | Vcc1     | +3.3V Power Supply.  | 2B            |
| 31  | LVTTL-I     | InitMode | Initialization Mode. In legacy QSFP applications, the InitMode pad is called LPMODE. | 3B            |
| 32  |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |
| 33  | CML-I       | Tx3+     | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.   | 3B            |
| 34  | CML-I       | Tx3-     | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.   | 3B            |
| 35  |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |
| 36  | CML-I       | Tx1+     | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input.   | 3B            |
| 37  | CML-I       | Tx1-     | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.   | 3B            |
| 38  |             | GND      | Module Ground.   | 1B            |

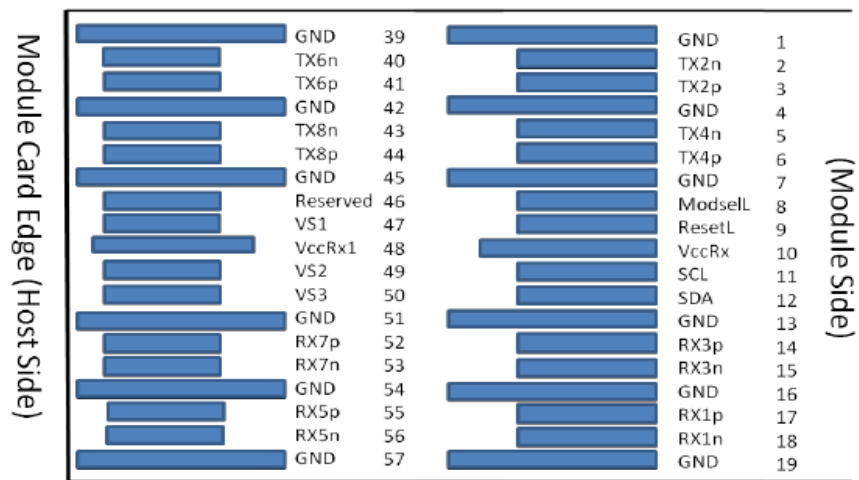
|    |       |          |                                      |    |
|----|-------|----------|--------------------------------------|----|
| 39 |       | GND      | Module Ground.                       | 1A |
| 40 | CML-I | Tx6-     | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.     | 3A |
| 41 | CML-I | Tx6+     | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input. | 3A |
| 42 |       | GND      | Module Ground.                       | 1A |
| 43 | CML-I | Tx8-     | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.     | 3A |
| 44 | CML-I | Tx8+     | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input. | 3A |
| 45 |       | GND      | Module Ground.                       | 1A |
| 46 |       | Reserved | For Future Use.                      | 3A |
| 47 |       | VS1      | Module Vendor-Specific 1.            | 3A |
| 48 |       | VccRx1   | +3.3V Receiver Power Supply.         | 2A |
| 49 |       | VS2      | Module Vendor-Specific 2.            | 3A |
| 50 |       | VS3      | Module Vendor-Specific 3.            | 3A |
| 51 |       | GND      | Module Ground.                       | 1A |
| 52 | CML-O | Rx7+     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.   | 3A |
| 53 | CML-O | Rx7-     | Receiver Inverted Data Output.       | 3A |
| 54 |       | GND      | Module Ground.                       | 1A |
| 55 | CML-O | Rx5+     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.   | 3A |
| 56 | CML-O | Rx5-     | Receiver Inverted Data Output.       | 3A |
| 57 |       | GND      | Module Ground.                       | 1A |
| 58 |       | GND      | Module Ground.                       | 1A |
| 59 | CML-O | Rx6-     | Receiver Inverted Data Output.       | 3A |
| 60 | CML-O | Rx6+     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.   | 3A |
| 61 |       | GND      | Module Ground.                       | 1A |
| 62 | CML-O | Rx8-     | Receiver Inverted Data Output.       | 3A |
| 63 | CML-O | Rx8+     | Receiver Non-Inverted Data Output.   | 3A |
| 67 |       | GND      | Module Ground.                       | 1A |
| 68 |       | NC       | Not Connected.                       | 3A |
| 69 |       | Reserved | For Future Use.                      | 3A |
| 70 |       | VccTx1   | +3.3V Transmitter Power Supply.      | 2A |
| 71 |       | Vcc2     | +3.3V Power Supply.                  | 2A |
| 72 |       | Reserved | For Future Use.                      | 3A |
| 73 |       | GND      | Module Ground.                       | 1A |
| 74 | CML-I | Tx7+     | Transmitter Non-Inverted Data Input. | 3A |
| 75 | CML-I | Tx7-     | Transmitter Inverted Data Input.     | 3A |
| 76 |       | GND      | Module Ground.                       | 1A |

Electrical Pin-Out Details



Legacy QSFP28 Pads

Additional QSFP-DD Pads

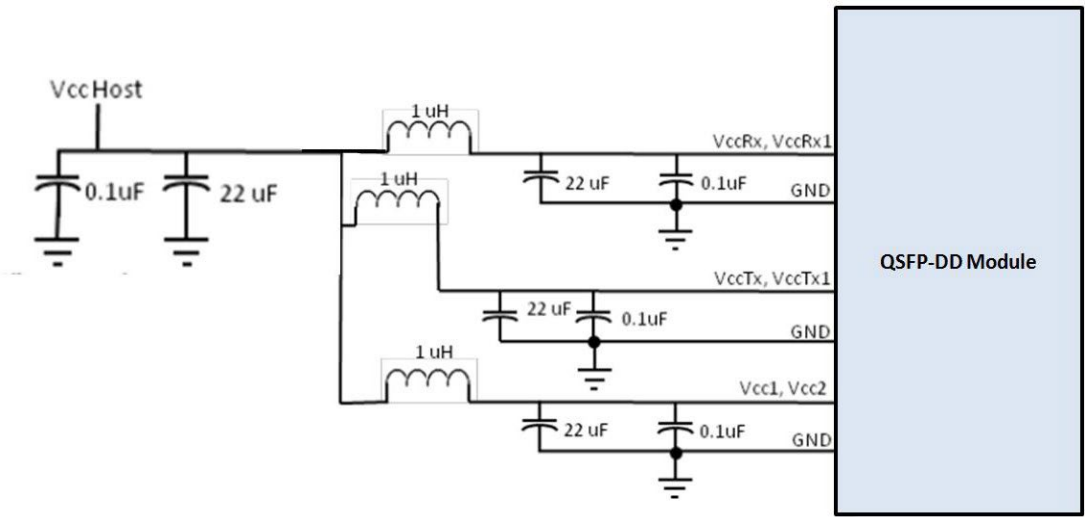


Additional QSFP-DD Pads

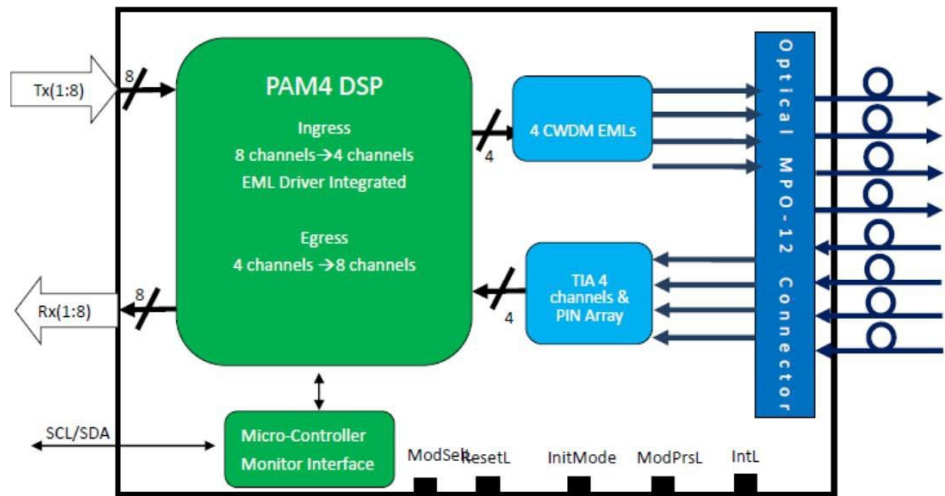
Legacy QSFP28 Pads



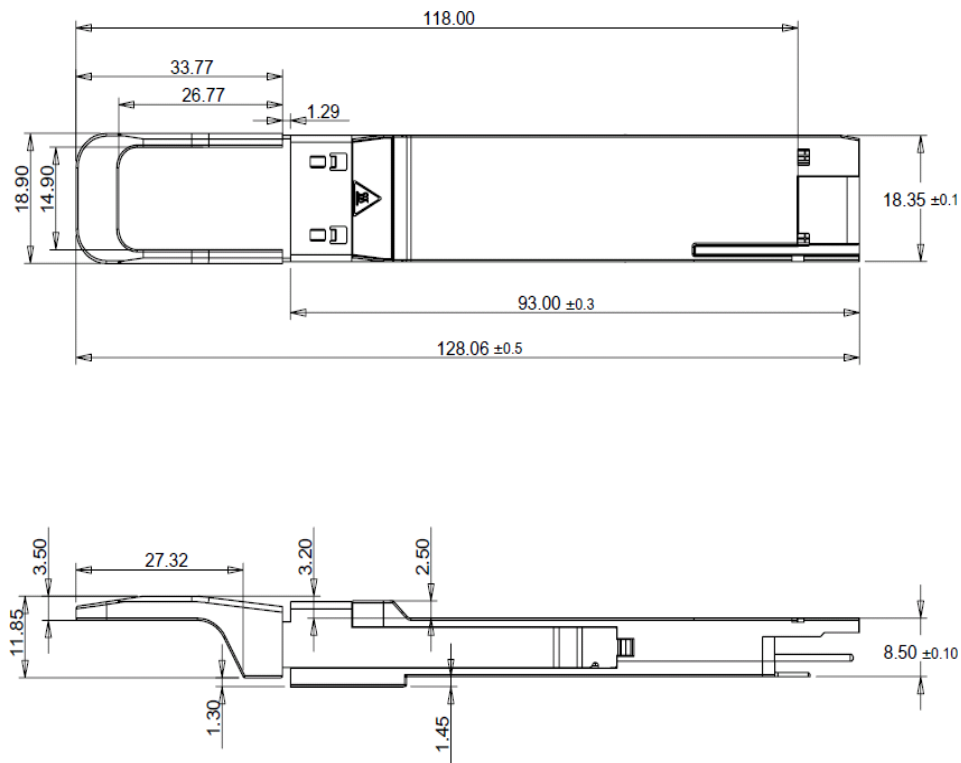
Recommended Power Supply Filter



Block Diagram



Mechanical Specifications



## About AddOn Networks

In 1999, AddOn Networks entered the market with a single product. Our founders fulfilled a severe shortage for compatible, cost-effective optical transceivers that compete at the same performance levels as leading OEM manufacturers. Adhering to the idea of redefining service and product quality not previously had in the fiber optic networking industry, AddOn invested resources in solution design, production, fulfillment, and global support.

Combining one of the most extensive and stringent testing processes in the industry, an exceptional free tech support center, and a consistent roll-out of innovative technologies, AddOn has continually set industry standards of quality and reliability throughout its history.

Reliability is the cornerstone of any optical fiber network and is ingrained in AddOn's DNA. It has played a key role in nurturing the long-term relationships developed over the years with customers. AddOn remains committed to exceeding industry standards with certifications from ranging from NEBS Level 3 to ISO 9001:2005 with every new development while maintaining the signature reliability of its products.



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