

## GLC-BX60-D-I-AO

Cisco® GLC-BX60-D-I Compatible TAA Compliant 1000Base-BX SFP Transceiver (SMF, 1490nmTx/1310nmRx, 60km, LC, DOM, -40 to 85C)

### Features

- INF-8074 and SFF-8472 Compliance
- Simplex LC Connector
- Industrial Temperature -40 to 85 Celsius
- Single-mode Fiber
- Hot Pluggable
- Excellent ESD Protection
- Metal with Lower EMI
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



### Applications

- 1x Fibre Channel
- 1000Base-BX Ethernet
- Access (FTTx) and Enterprise

### Product Description

This Cisco® GLC-BX60-D-I compatible SFP transceiver provides 1000Base-BX throughput up to 60km over single-mode fiber (SMF) using a wavelength of 1490nmTx/1310nmRx via an LC connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Cisco® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

AddOn's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



## Regulatory Compliance

- ESD to the Electrical PINs: compatible with MIL-STD-883E Method 3015.4
- ESD to the LC Receptacle: compatible with IEC 61000-4-3
- EMI/EMC compatible with FCC Part 15 Subpart B Rules, EN55022:2010
- Laser Eye Safety compatible with FDA 21CFR, EN60950-1& EN (IEC) 60825-1,2
- RoHS compliant with EU RoHS 2.0 directive 2015/863/EU

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	T <sub>s</sub>	-40		85	°C
Relative Humidity	RH	5		95	%
Receiver Power	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5		4.0	V
Operating Case Temperature	T <sub>c</sub>	-40	25	85	°C
Data Rate		0.1		1.25	Gb/s

## Electrical Characteristics (TOP=25°C, Vcc=3.3Volts)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage	V <sub>cc</sub>	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Module Supply Current	I <sub>cc</sub>			300	mA	
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub>			1000	mW	
Transmitter Differential Input Voltage (TD +/-)		300		2200	mV p-p	1
Receiver Differential Output Voltage (RD +/-)		600		1200	mVp-p	2
Low speed output: Transmitter Fault (TX_FAULT) / Loss of Signal (LOS)	VOH	2.0		V <sub>cc</sub>	V	3
	VOL	0		0.8	V	
Low Speed input: Transmitter Disable (TX_DISABLE), MOD_DEF 1, MOD_DEF 2	VIH	2.0		V <sub>cc</sub>	V	4
	VIL	0		0.8	V	

### Notes:

1. Internally AC coupled and terminated to 100Ω differential load.
2. Internally AC coupled, but requires a 100Ω differential termination or internal to Serializer/Deserializer.
3. Pulled up externally with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board to V<sub>CCT,R</sub>.
4. Mod\_Def1 and Mod\_Def2 must be pulled up externally with a 4.7KΩ-10KΩ resistor on the host board to V<sub>CCT,R</sub>.

### Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
<b>Transmitter</b>						
<b>Launch Optical Power</b>	P <sub>o</sub>	-2		+3	dBm	
<b>Center Wavelength Range</b>	λ <sub>c</sub>	1470	1490	1510	nm	
<b>Extinction Ratio</b>	EX	9			dB	
<b>Spectral Width (-20dB)</b>	Δλ			1	nm	
<b>Side Mode Suppression Ratio</b>	SMSR	30			dB	
<b>Optical Rise/Fall Time</b>	T <sub>rise</sub> /T <sub>fall</sub>			260	ps	
<b>Pout @TX-Disable Asserted</b>	P <sub>off</sub>			-45	dBm	
<b>Eye Diagram</b>	IEEE Std 802.3-2005 1000BASE-BX-D compatible					
<b>Receiver</b>						
<b>Wavelength Range</b>		1260	1310	1360	nm	
<b>Receiver Sensitivity</b>	S			-23	dBm	1
<b>Receiver Overload</b>	P <sub>OL</sub>	-3			dBm	1
<b>Optical Return Loss</b>	ORL	12			dB	
<b>LOS De-Assert</b>	LOS <sub>D</sub>			-24	dBm	
<b>LOS Assert</b>	LOS <sub>A</sub>	-35			dBm	
<b>LOS Hysteresis</b>		0.5	3	5	dB	

### Notes:

1. Measured with PRBS 2<sup>7</sup>-1 test pattern, 1.25Gb/s, EX=9dB, BER<10<sup>-12</sup>.

### Timing Characteristic

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
<b>Tx disable assert time</b>	T <sub>off</sub>			10	us	
<b>Tx disable negate time</b>	T <sub>on</sub>			1	ms	
<b>Time to initialize, include reset of TX_FAULT</b>	T <sub>init</sub>			300	ms	
<b>Tx_disable time to start reset</b>	T <sub>reset</sub>	10			us	
<b>Receiver LOS Assert Time (on to off)</b>	T <sub>D,RX_LOS</sub>			80	us	
<b>Receiver LOS Assert Time (off to on)</b>	T <sub>A,RX_LOS</sub>			80	us	
<b>Serial I2C Clock Rate</b>	I2C_Clock			100	kHz	

## Pin Descriptions

Pin	Symbol	Name/Descriptions	Engagement order (Insertion)	Notes
1	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	1
3	TX Disable	Transmitter Disable-Module disables on high or open	3	2
4	MOD-DEF2	Module Definition 2-Two wire serial ID interface	3	3
5	MOD-DEF1	Module Definition 1-Two wire serial ID interface	3	3
6	MOD_DEF0	Module Definition 0-Grounded in module	3	3
7	Rate Select	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal.	3	4
9	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
10	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
11	Veer	Receiver Ground	1	
12	RD-	Inverse Received Data out	3	5
13	RD+	Received Data out	3	5
14	VeeR	Receiver Ground	1	
15	VccR	Receiver Power $+3.3V \pm 5\%$	2	6
16	VccT	Transmitter Power $+3.3V \pm 5\%$	2	6
17	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmitter Data In	3	7
19	TD-	Inverse Transmitter Data In	3	7
20	VeeT	Transmitter Ground	1	

### Notes:

1. TX Fault is open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a  $4.7\text{K}\Omega$ - $10\text{K}\Omega$  resistor on the hostboard to supply  $< V_{ccT} + 0.3\text{V}$  or  $V_{ccR} + 0.3\text{V}$ . When high, this output indicates a laser fault of some kind. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to  $<0.8\text{V}$ .
2. TX Disable input is used to shut down the laser output per the state table below. It is pulled up within the module with a  $4.7\text{K}\Omega$ - $10\text{K}\Omega$  resistor.
  - Low ( $0 - 0.8\text{V}$ ): Transmitter on
  - Between ( $0.8\text{V}$  and  $2\text{V}$ ): Undefined
  - High ( $2.0 - V_{ccT}$ ): Transmitter Disabled
  - Open: Transmitter Disabled
3. Mod-Def 0,1,2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a  $4.7\text{K}\Omega$ - $10\text{K}\Omega$  resistor on the host board to supply less than  $V_{ccT}+0.3\text{V}$  or  $V_{ccR}+0.3\text{V}$ . Mod-Def 0 is grounded by the module to indicate that the module is present. Mod-Def 1 is clock line of two wire serial interface for optional serial ID. Mod-Def 2 is data line of two wire serial interface for optional serial ID.
4. LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output which should be pulled up externally with a  $4.7\text{K}\Omega$ - $10\text{K}\Omega$  resistor on the host board to supply  $< V_{ccT}+0.3\text{V}$  or  $V_{ccR}+0.3\text{V}$ . When high, this output indicates

the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicated normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to <0.8V.

5. RD-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω differential at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and thus not required on the host board.
6. VccR and VccT are the receiver and transmitter power supplies. They are defined as 3.3V±5% at the SFP connector pin. The in-rush current will typically be no more than 30mA above steady state supply current after 500ns.
7. TD-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC coupled differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on host board.

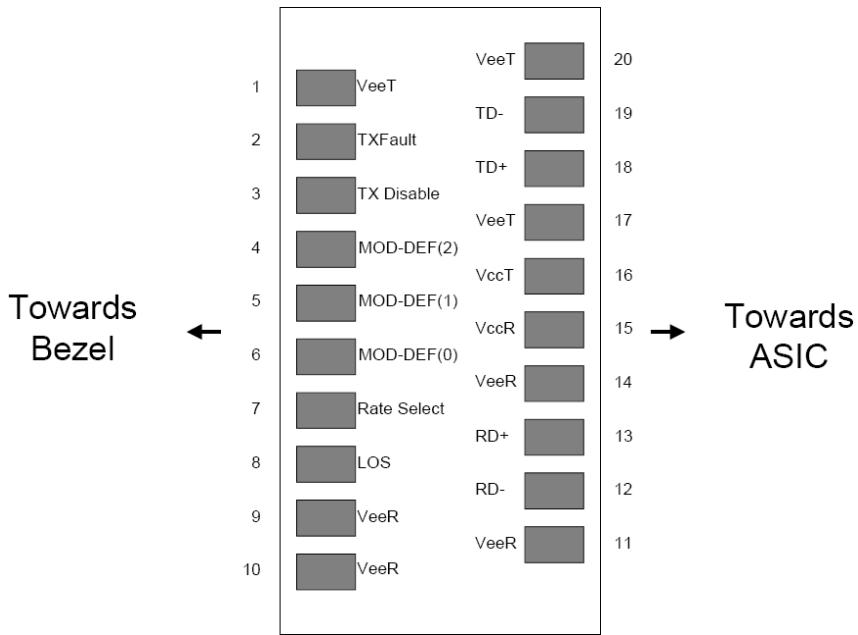
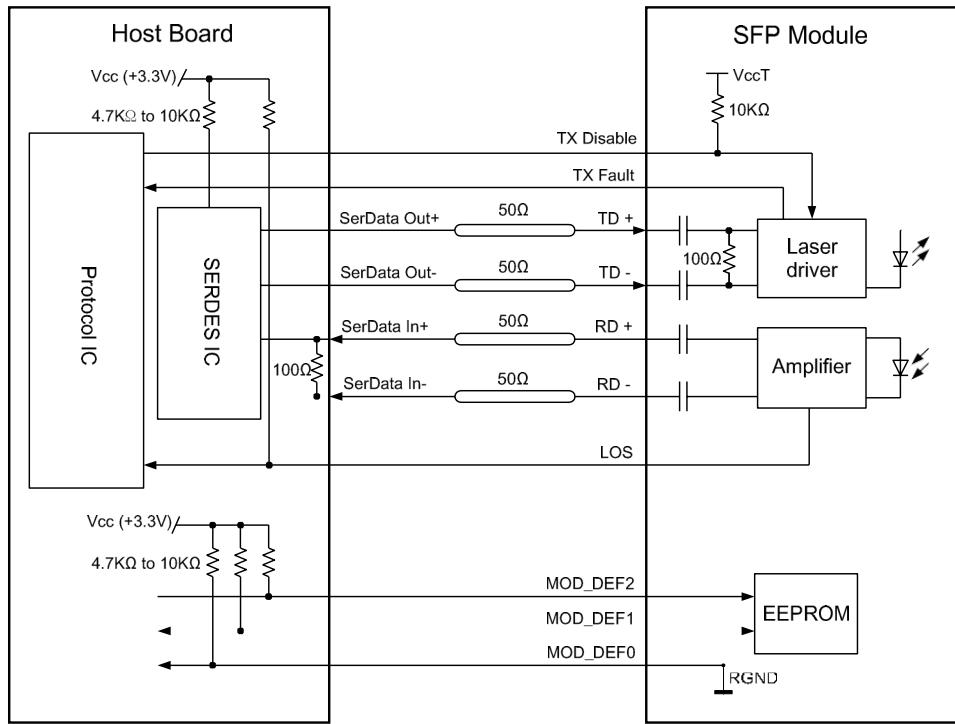
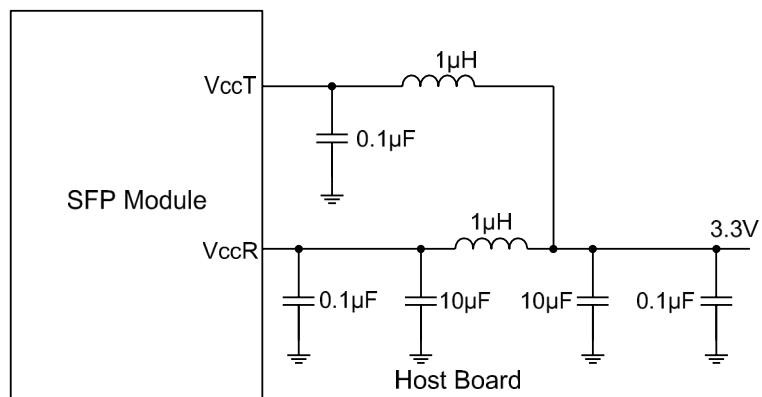


Diagram of Host Board Connector Block Pin Numbers and Names

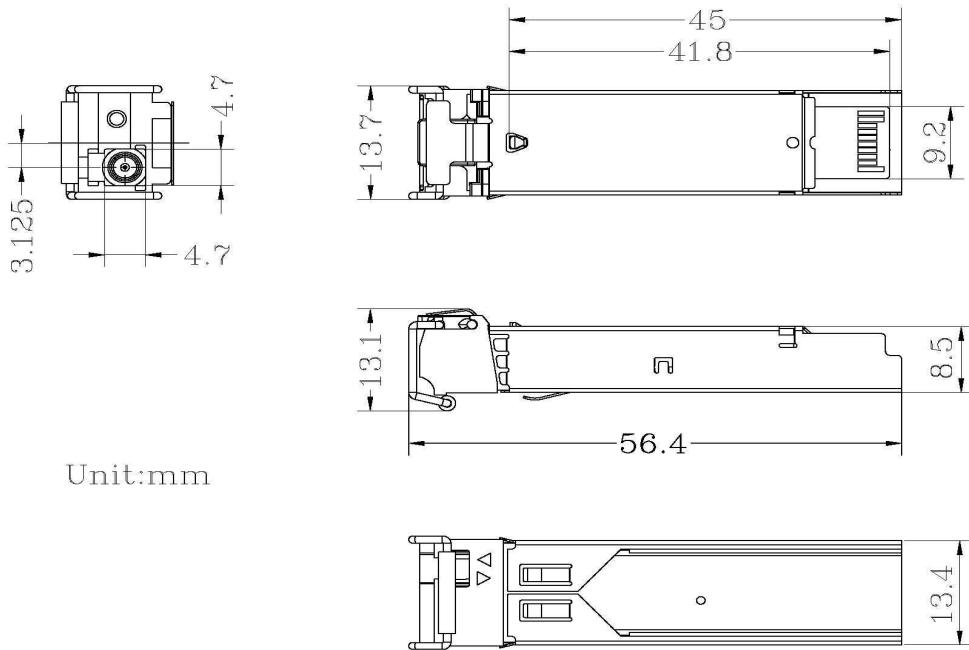
## Recommended Application Interface Interface Circuit



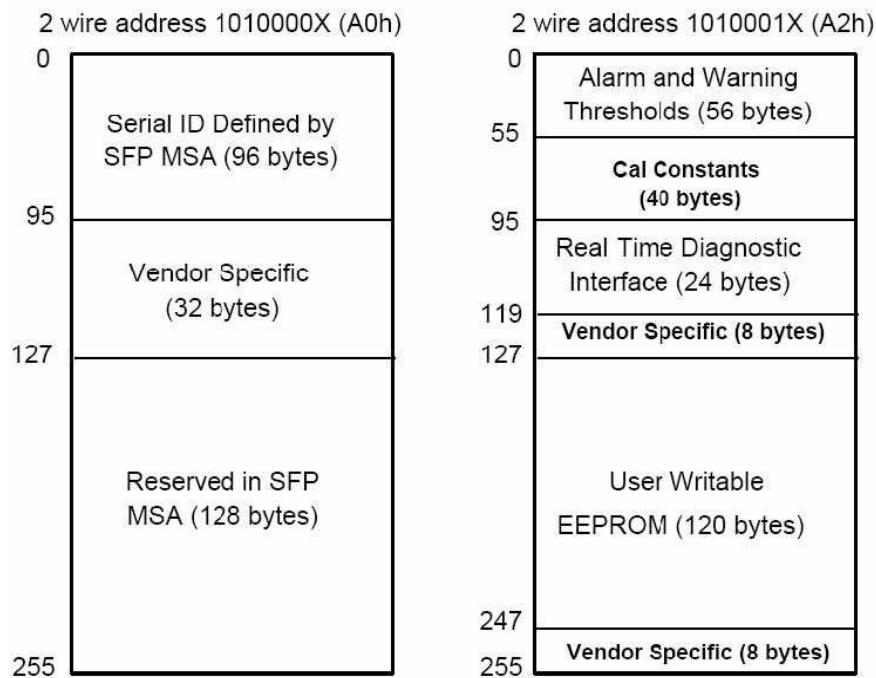
## Required Host Board Components



## Mechanical Specifications



## Digital Diagnostic Memory Map



## **About AddOn Networks**

In 1999, AddOn Networks entered the market with a single product. Our founders fulfilled a severe shortage for compatible, cost-effective optical transceivers that compete at the same performance levels as leading OEM manufacturers. Adhering to the idea of redefining service and product quality not previously had in the fiber optic networking industry, AddOn invested resources in solution design, production, fulfillment, and global support.

Combining one of the most extensive and stringent testing processes in the industry, an exceptional free tech support center, and a consistent roll-out of innovative technologies, AddOn has continually set industry standards of quality and reliability throughout its history.

Reliability is the cornerstone of any optical fiber network and is engrained in AddOn's DNA. It has played a key role in nurturing the long-term relationships developed over the years with customers. AddOn remains committed to exceeding industry standards with certifications from ranging from NEBS Level 3 to ISO 9001:2005 with every new development while maintaining the signature reliability of its products.

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